

EMUI NOINOI DAINAI INAI SIVARAI AI HENIMU MOTU GADO

Paipa latona Gaukarana Kohudia

Ina vaira ai ia hetore sivaraina be paipa atoa aukara misinidia; inai misini be vaira pura dekenai do umui itadia ita eda bei eiava davara bona tano ia hegege gabuna lalonai bona kone kahana dekenai. Inai sivarai be misini toadia ia hedinarai bona edia aukara negadia vaira pura lalonai.

Ahediba idia vadivadi LNG aukara gabu lalonai

LNG Projek ena gaukara toana ia ura ahedinarai totona, EHL ese lalao ia karaia hanua taudia ia abidiama vadivadi totona LNG Plant Site gaukara gabuna dekenai bona Plant Site ena heau goada bona toana itaia totona. Inai lalao ena anina be hanua taudia do idia diba dahaka gaukara idia karaia bona diba do idia abia LNG Plant ena heau gaukara ibounai ia ore neganai. Pura July lalonai be sikuli ahediba Rearea, Papa bona Boera be inai vadivadi gaukara idia hematamaia vadaeni. Vadivadi gaukaradia vaira pura dekenai be haida danu do idia abia mai.

Durua henia ahedibadibana

Sikuli memero, kekeni, gwauta taurahani bona ahediba rua be Redscar High School amo be dina rua Basic First Aid sikuli idia karaia Saint John's Ambulance dekenai bona pepa danu idia abia. Diba bona aonega idia abia taunimanima do idia durua haraga bema gaigai ese do ia koria, lahi ese ia arai eiava turia ia kwaidu neganai. Sikuli taudia idia hereva idia be idia moale bada inai sikuli totona bona aonega idia davaria edia hanua idia durua



Teachers on LNG Plant Site tour.

maorona dekenai ita abia mai heduru namona abia totona.

Metau Hamaoromaoroa Dala be ia Noho

Bema gaukara gabuna lalonai gaukara tauna o ahinena ta mai ena metau/auka/lalo kewarahi/daradara, Laba be mai ena heduru dala ia noho dala hanamoa gaukara taudia totona. Inai dala be henu dekenai idia torea:

1. Oi emu metau/auka be pepa (fomu) dekenai oi torea bona VRO/Laba oi henia.
2. Laba bona oi/gaukara tauna do umui herevahereva emu metau/auka hamaoromaoroa totona.

kahanai.

Inai nega gaukara idia koua LNG Site dekenai

gaukara koua ia vara be bema gaukara taudia edia hemami/dala be namo lasi. gaukara taudia edia lalohadai be gaukara koua ena marere amo idia edia ura eiava lalohadai namona do idia abia. Inai lalohadai be momokani LASI. gaukara lasi/koua neganai be auka do ita davaria, gaukara taudia bona edia bese be gaukara davana idia abia lasi bona ita eda gaukara danu do ita rakatania diba bona Projek ena durua namodia hanua totona danu do ita koua noho. Bema gaukara koua/lasi ena metau ita hanamoa lasi neganai be do dahaka ita karaia? Dalana tamona be ita marere hebou, lalohadai hebou bona ita gaukara hebou bona eda metau/auka, lalo hekwarahi, bona daradara be dala

3. Bema emu metau/auka be Laba do ia hamaoromaoroa lasi neganai, Laba do ia abia daekau oi emu Contractor – (Senior Management) badadia dekenai. Laba ia ura be oi emu metau, auka, lalo hekwarahi eiava daradara be dina hitu lalonai do ia hamaoromaoroa.

Hanua ena metau, auka eiava lalo hekwarahi Projek totona hamaoromaoroa dala be ia noho

Bema metau/auka/lalo hekwarahi ta oi itaia eiava oi davaria Projek lalonai, bona oi ura emu metau/auka/lalo hekwarahi oi hahedinarai Projek dekenai, abia lao EHL edia Community Affairs tauna/ahinena dekenai. Idia ese durua do idia henia pepa do idia hahonua bona oi emu metau/auka/lalo hekwarahi eiava daradara do idia abia lao taunimanima maorodia dekenai.



ENERGY FOR THE WORLD, OPPORTUNITY FOR PAPUA NEW GUINEA

PNG LNG PLANT SITE NEWSLETTER



Underwater Pipeline Construction

The LNG Plant Site is preparing for the underwater pipeline to be laid in October. About 25 boats and pieces of construction equipment from EPC2 and EPC3 are doing this work. This area is busy. Due to hazards, like the spoil pile from the trenching, the area has been declared a temporary no-go zone for fishers. Access on land across the construction site will be at an area along the Plant Site fence. Off-shore fishers will need to go around the site until the pipe is laid and the soil put back.

On-shore Swamp Excavator

Main Activity: Trenching from the Mangroves to the Plant Site Fence

Fast Fact: The tracks of the Swamp Excavator are built to stop it sinking in the mud

Location: Deep to shallow water

Dates: June - September 2011



Spoil is the dirt dug from the near-shore trench. This is the spoil pile as of the end of August.

Spoil

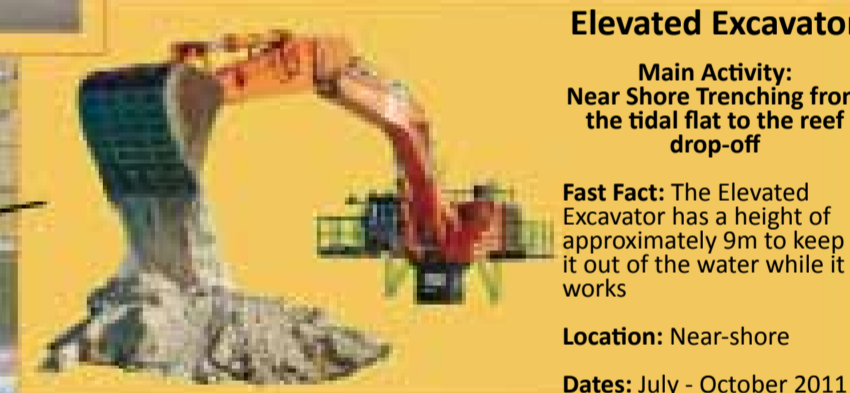
Elevated Excavator

Main Activity: Near Shore Trenching from the tidal flat to the reef drop-off

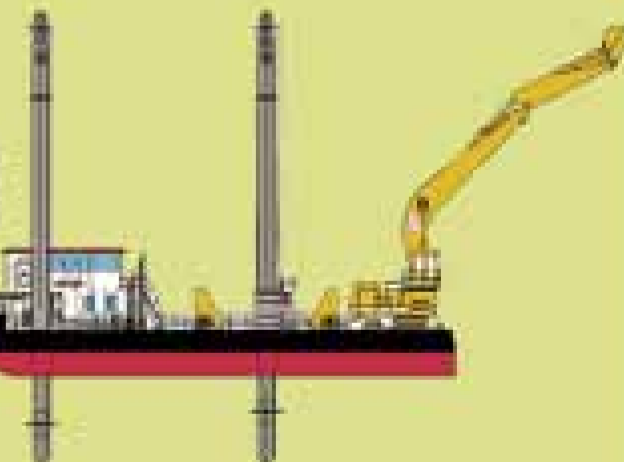
Fast Fact: The Elevated Excavator has a height of approximately 9m to keep it out of the water while it works

Location: Near-shore

Dates: July - October 2011



Backhoe Dredger



Main Activity: Shallow-Water Trenching at the reef drop-off and the shipping channel

Fast Fact: The Backhoe Dredger has an excavator arm 23m long and can work in water up to 16m deep

Location: Shallow to deep water

Dates: September - mid-October 2011

Trailing Suction Hopper Dredger



Main Activity: Off-shore trenching from the shipping channel to the reef drop-off

Fast Fact: The Trailing Suction Hopper Dredger uses an underwater pipe to vacuum up soil, it takes approximately 40 minutes to 1 hour to fill the boat

Location: Deep to shallow water

Dates: September - mid-October 2011

competition time!



Are you being safe at home, school or playing outside? Are you between 5 and 12 years old? Are you good at drawing?

Toea is looking for pictures of you being safe and will publish his favourite one in the October PNG LNG Plant Site newsletter as a prize.

To enter, draw your picture, put your name, age and a contact phone number on the back, and give it to your EHL Community Affairs officer by 31 October 2011.

As Toea wants to pin everyone's entry up in his bedroom, entries cannot be returned.

What is inside the LNG Plant Site?

Tours conducted with community leaders to find out!

While most people only see the Plant Site from the outside, there is a lot going on inside the fence to make sure construction is completed on time. To help build awareness and understanding of the progress being made, EHL has been conducting Plant Site tours with select community leaders. These tours, which are short, drive-through tours, aim to inform leaders of the community about construction activities and how the LNG Plant Site will work when complete. The first tour was conducted in May 2011 with the Hiri District Local Level Government Councillors, and in July, another tour was conducted with teachers from LeaLea, Boera and Papa. In August, Plant Site tours were taken by the Department of Environment and Conservation and the PNG LNG Operations and Maintenance students. The response from these tours has been very positive with more tours for planned.



Teachers on the recent LNG Plant Site tour

Sharing Road Safety Messages



The L&CA team continues to engage schools and women's groups in road and Project safety

Small Doctors in the House

Redscar students trained in First Aid

Education took on a new form for 18 students and two teachers from Redscar High School in Porebada. As part of the Community Investments program, EHL sponsored a two day training course for Basic First Aid which took place in mid-July 2011.

Part of the school program at Redscar encourages students to participate in an external learning program for social or cultural studies. With limited resources and opportunities, however, Redscar High has not been able to do this previously. Thanks to the assistance provided by EHL, this was the first time that Redscar has received external training. Conducted by St John Ambulance, the training provided skills in basic first aid, including conducting CPR, applying bandages and administering treatment for snake bites.



All safe! Students have successfully bandaged their friend



St John trainer teaching students how to wrap a bandage

Seventeen year old Gari Kokoro says, "Learning how to treat a snake bite was my favourite part. There are many people that get bitten by snakes in the community. Before, we didn't know how to treat them, but now we do. One day I want to have a good garden of my own. There can always be snakes in the garden, or other accidents can happen, but now I will be prepared for anything! This training has been great."

As the students learned new things, you could feel their positive response. They were keen to listen, to learn and to apply their new skills. There were smiles, and faces of deep

concentration as they discussed the correct way to bandage a broken arm and carry an injured friend. As they practiced, the trainers of St John were always near, lending a guiding hand and providing help to the students so they could give good first aid care.

Teacher Ray Gabe smiled after thinking about the day's training and talked about the positive impact this would have on families and the community. With limited access to health care professionals and services, the village is now equipped with certified first aid care givers, which would help people in times of need. He says, "It's like having small doctors in the house."



Proud students, teachers and their trainers after completing their basic first aid course

Recent Work Stoppages at the LNG Plant Site

Understanding why work stoppages occur and what the best way is to manage this

As most of you will probably know, there has been a work stoppage recently at the LNG Plant Site. It is important for us, as a community, to understand the impact of this work stoppage.

Work stoppages normally occur when people have concerns about their work conditions. These concerns could come from concerns over personnel management, wages or worker conditions. Some people may not understand the details of their contract and become upset because they had an expectation of something else from their work. Whatever the reason, workers sometimes feel that the only way they will get the attention to change things is by stopping work. This is not true. Threats and force should never replace conversation as a way of resolving issues.

Stop works help no-one. By striking, workers risk losing their job permanently.

All of this time however, the Project continues to move forward.



Recent work stoppage at the LNG Plant Site.

If work stoppages are not the best way to handle situations, what should you do?

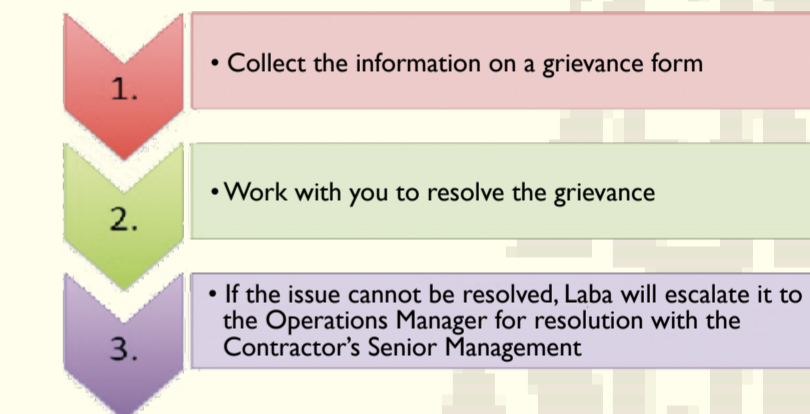
In Laba's recent Sivarai, it shared the accepted way of raising workplace issues or grievances. This process gives every worker the right to raise the problem they see, and gives them the right to be heard and have things addressed. Only through cooperating with each other will we be able to resolve issues.

What is the Industrial Grievance Process?

Learn when, how and why to raise a grievance if you are a Project worker

People working at the LNG Plant Site are employed under Laba, the umbrella Lanco. To help manage their employees, Laba has established a worker grievance process and provides Industrial Relations support.

Labla collects grievances from workers, similar to how EHL collects community issues (see article below). Whether there are grievances about pay, workers harassment or perceived mismanagement, all workers should work through their contractor's on-site supervisor and the Laba Industrial Relations representative to raise a grievance. Here's the process that Laba will follow:



With the help of the workers, Laba aims to close out grievances within 7 days. Through following this process, the concerns of the workers can be properly dealt with.

What is the Community Grievance Process for the PNG LNG Project?

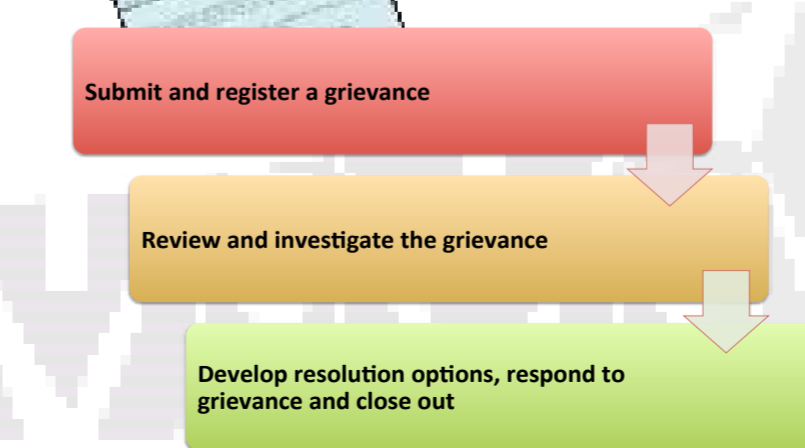
Learn when, how and why to raise a grievance

If you are unhappy about something the Project has done, you should raise a grievance to alert EHL and allow them to deal with the situation appropriately. A grievance is not the same as raising questions or making suggestions to the Project. A grievance is a formal complaint to the Project about something that has already happened that a community member feels needs to be addressed.

Each grievance will be investigated by EHL to determine the validity of the claim and the outcome. Depending on the complexity of the grievance, EHL aims to resolve community grievances within 30 days.

Anyone who feels they have a valid grievance should contact their local Land and Community Affairs Officer. The L&CA

Officers will help you to fill in a grievance form, which will be submitted to EHL and reviewed. Once EHL has investigated the grievance, resolution options will be developed, EHL will respond to the grievance and the issue will then be closed out.



Some examples of Community Grievances

- A pig or other animal is killed by a Project vehicle
- A garden, house or structure is damaged by Project activities
- Project activities create physical harm
- Company or Contractor staff do not behave properly
- Project staff harass local community members
- Project staff conduct criminal activity, bribery or corruption

Keeping You Informed: Register for your E-Update Here!

Are you being kept up to date about the PNG LNG Project? Here's a new way to make sure you are informed! We are starting a monthly E-Update that will include:

- Monthly bulletin: overview of key messages shared with the LNG Plant Site communities
- PNG LNG Plant Site Newsletter

If you would like to receive these, send an email to: andrew.glasson@exxonmobil.com to subscribe now!